Appendix 1. General information of the survey population.

| Survey content | Level | Number persons | of Composition ratio (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Village | 01 | 97 | 11.02 |
|  | 02 | 76 | 8.64 |
|  | 03 | 181 | 20.57 |
|  | 04 | 86 | 9.77 |
|  | 05 | 204 | 23.18 |
|  | 06 | 236 | 26.82 |
| Gender | male | 443 | 50.34 |
|  | female | 437 | 49.66 |
| Age | $\leq 20$ | 6 | 0.68 |
|  | 21~ | 152 | 17.27 |
|  | 41~ | 516 | 58.64 |
|  | $>60$ | 206 | 23.41 |
| Nation | Han | 832 | 94.55 |
|  | Mongolian | 7 | 0.80 |
|  | Daur | 18 | 2.05 |
|  | other | 23 | 2.61 |
| Occupation | farmer | 846 | 96.14 |
|  | herders | 7 | 0.80 |
|  | livestock processing | 7 | 0.80 |
|  | veterinary | 5 | 0.57 |
|  | other | 15 | 1.70 |
| Marital status | married | 859 | 97.61 |
|  | unmarried | 15 | 1.70 |
|  | divorced | 6 | 0.68 |
| Education | elementary school and below | 651 | 73.98 |
|  | junior high school | 203 | 23.07 |
|  | high school and above | 26 | 2.95 |
| Family financial status (Ten thousand yuan/year) | $<3$ | 627 | 71.325 |
|  | $3 \sim$ | 176 | 20.00 |
|  | $6 \sim$ | 55 | 6.25 |
|  | $\geq 9$ | 22 | 2.50 |
| Family resident | live alone | 44 | 5.00 |
|  | with spouse | 464 | 52.73 |
|  | have children | 320 | 36.36 |
|  | with parents | 52 | 5.91 |


| Survey content | Level | Number <br> persons | of |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Composition <br> ratio (\%) |  |  |  |
| Livestock <br> situation | breeding | yes | 423 |
| 48.07 |  |  |  |
|  | no | 457 | 51.93 |

Appendix 2. Baseline analysis of test tube agglutination assays.

| Survey content | Options | Test tube agglutination experiment |  | $\chi^{2}$ | $\boldsymbol{P}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Positive | Positive rate |  |  |
| Village | 01 | 20 | 20.62 | 42.728 | $<0.0001$ |
|  | 02 | 12 | 15.79 |  |  |
|  | 03 | 39 | 21.55 |  |  |
|  | 04 | 5 | 5.81 |  |  |
|  | 05 | 13 | 6.37 |  |  |
| Gender | 06 | 63 | 26.69 | 16.802 | $<0.0001$ |
|  | male | 100 | 22.57 |  |  |
|  | female | 52 | 11.90 |  |  |
|  | $\leq 20$ | 0 | 0.00 |  |  |
| Age | 21~ | 40 | 26.32 | - | $<0.0001^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | 41~ | 95 | 18.41 |  |  |
|  | $>60$ | 17 | 8.25 |  |  |
| Nation | Han nationality | 142 | 17.07 | - | $0.2748^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Mongolian | 0 | 0.00 |  |  |
|  | Daur | 3 | 16.67 |  |  |
|  | other | 7 | 30.43 |  |  |
|  | farmer | 142 | 16.78 |  |  |
| Occupation | herders | 4 | 57.14 | - | $0.1089{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | livestock processing | 1 | 14.29 |  |  |
|  | veterinary | 2 | 40.00 |  |  |
|  | other | 3 | 20.00 |  |  |
| Marital status | married | 148 | 17.23 | - | $0.3326^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
|  | unmarried | 4 | 26.67 |  |  |
|  | divorced | 0 | 0.00 |  |  |
| Education | elementary school and below | 110 | 16.90 |  |  |
|  | junior high school | 36 | 17.73 | - | $0.6306^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | high school and above | 6 | 23.08 |  |  |


| Survey content | Options | Test tube agglutination experiment |  | $\chi^{2}$ | $\boldsymbol{P}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Positive | Positive rate |  |  |
| Family financial situation (Ten thousand yuan/year) | <3 | 103 | 16.43 | - | $0.1925^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | 3~ | 38 | 21.60 |  |  |
|  | $6 \sim$ | 6 | 10.91 |  |  |
|  | $\geq 9$ | 5 | 22.72 |  |  |
| Family resident | live alone | 4 | 9.09 | 6.618 | 0.0851 |
|  | with spouse | 71 | 15.30 |  |  |
|  | have children | 65 | 20.31 |  |  |
|  | with parents | 12 | 23.08 |  |  |
| Livestock breeding situation | yes | 112 | 26.48 | 47.065 | <0.0001 |
|  | no | 40 | 8.75 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Analyzed using the Fisher exact probability method.

Appendix 3. Comparison of balance before and after matching.

| Survey <br> content | Data condition before matching |  |  |  | Data situation after matching |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Average <br> case | Control <br> average | Average <br> difference |  |  | Average <br> case | Control <br> average |
| Average <br> difference |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distance | 0.2133 | 0.1642 | 0.0491 |  | 0.2133 | 0.1994 | 0.0139 |
| Village | 4.1053 | 4.0495 | 0.0558 |  | 4.1053 | 4.0592 | 0.0461 |
| Gender | 1.3421 | 1.5288 | -0.1867 |  | 1.3421 | 1.3860 | -0.0439 |
| Age | 2.8487 | 3.0893 | -0.2406 |  | 2.8487 | 2.8794 | -0.0307 |
| Nation | 1.1776 | 1.1168 | 0.0609 |  | 1.1776 | 1.1513 | 0.0263 |
| Occupation | 1.3487 | 1.2005 | 0.1481 |  | 1.3487 | 1.2873 | 0.0614 |
| Marital | 1.0263 | 1.0316 | -0.0053 |  | 1.0263 | 1.0219 | 0.0044 |
| Status <br> Education | 1.3158 | 1.2843 | 0.0314 |  | 1.3158 | 1.3224 | -0.0066 |
| Financial <br> situation | 1.4276 | 1.3942 | 0.0334 |  | 1.4276 | 1.4342 | -0.0066 |
| Way <br> living | 2.5592 | 2.4052 | 0.1540 |  | 2.5592 | 2.5219 | 0.0373 |

Appendix 4. Equilibrium assessments of matched samples

| Survey content | Options | Control | Case | $\boldsymbol{P}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sample size |  | 456 | 152 |  |


| Survey content | Options | Control | Case | $\boldsymbol{P}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Village | 01 | 52 | 20 | 0.001 |
|  | 02 | 45 | 12 |  |
|  | 03 | 94 | 39 |  |
|  | 04 | 43 | 5 |  |
|  | 05 | 89 | 13 |  |
|  | 06 | 133 | 63 |  |
| Gender | male | 275 | 100 | 0.126 |
|  | female | 190 | 52 |  |
| Age | $\leq 20$ | 6 | 0 | 0.102 |
|  | 21~ | 88 | 40 |  |
|  | 41~ | 291 | 95 |  |
|  | $>60$ | 71 | 17 |  |
| Nation | Han | 425 | 142 | 0.462 |
|  | Mongolian | 6 | 0 |  |
|  | Daur | 10 | 3 |  |
|  | other | 15 | 7 |  |
| Occupation | farmer | 435 | 142 |  |
|  | herders | 3 | 4 |  |
|  | livestock processing | 6 | 1 | 0.638 |
|  | veterinary | 3 | 2 |  |
|  | other | 9 | 3 |  |
| Marital status | married | 448 | 148 | 0.391 |
|  | unmarried | 6 | 4 |  |
|  | divorced | 62 | 0 |  |
| Education | elementary school and below | 352 | 110 | 0.425 |
|  | junior high school | 121 | 36 |  |
|  | high school and above | 10 | 6 |  |
| Family financial situation (Ten thousand yuan/year) | <3 | 323 | 103 | 0.221 |
|  | 3~ | 87 | 38 |  |
|  | 6~ | 34 | 6 |  |
|  | $\geq 9$ | 12 | 5 |  |
| Family resident | live alone | 14 | 4 | 0.905 |
|  | with spouse | 224 | 71 |  |
|  | have children | 188 | 65 |  |
|  | with parents | 30 | 12 |  |

Appendix 5. Variable assignment of regression analysis

| Variable name | Variable name | Whether to set dummy variables | Assignment description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Village | X1 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0,06$ village as a reference |
| Gender | X2 | no | male $=1$, female $=2, \quad 1$ is the reference |
| Age | X3 | no | grade variable $0-3$, low age as reference |
| Nation | X4 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0$, Han nationality as reference |
| Occupation | X5 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0$, farmers are the reference |
| Marital status | X6 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0$, married as a reference |
| Education | X7 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0$, elementary school and below are reference |
| Family financial situation | X8 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0$, reference is less than 30,000 |
| family resident | X9 | yes | yes $=1$, no $=0$, living alone is the reference |
| Livestock breeding situation | X10 | no | often $=2$, occasionally $=1, \mathrm{no}=0,0$ as reference |
| clean the pen | X11 | no | often $=2$, occasionally $=1$, no $=0,0$ as reference |
| Slaughter | X12 | no | often $=2$, occasionally $=1$, no $=0,0$ as reference |
| Lamb | X13 | no | often $=2$, occasionally $=1$, no $=0,0$ as reference |
| Immunize livestock | X14 | no | often $=2$, occasionally $=1$, no $=0,0$ as reference |
| Veterinary treatment | X15 | no | often $=2$, occasionally $=1$, no $=0,0$ as reference |
| Fur purchasing and processing | X16 | no | yes $=1$, no $=0,0$ is reference |
| Dairy processing and sales | X17 | no | yes $=1$, no $=0,0$ is reference |
| Livestock transportation | X18 | no | yes $=1$, no $=0,0$ is reference |
| Eat raw meat | X19 | no | yes $=1$, no $=0,0$ is reference |
| Drink raw milk | X20 | no | yes $=1$, no $=0,0$ is reference |
| Eat sick and dead meat | X21 | no | yes $=1$, no $=0,0$ is reference |


| Variable name | Variable <br> name | Whether to set <br> dummy variables | Assignment description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Indoor feeding of <br> young lambs | no | often=2, occasionally=1, no=0, 0 <br> as reference |  |
| Livestock manure <br> irrigating the land | X23 | no | often=2, occasionally=1, no=0, 0 <br> as reference <br> often=2, occasionally=1, no=0, 0 <br> as reference <br> yes=1, no=0 |
| People and animals <br> sharing wells | no |  |  |
| SAT positive |  |  |  |

Appendix 6. Single factor conditional logistic regression analysis of health-related behaviors on SAT positive individuals

| Survey content | Regression coefficients | $\chi^{2}$ | $\boldsymbol{P}$ | OR | 95\%CI |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Lower limit | Upper limit |
| Raising livestock | 1.25922 | 33.4509 | $<0.0001$ | 3.523 | 2.30 | 5.40 |
| Cleaning pens | 0.49864 | 20.6134 | $<0.0001$ | 1.646 | 1.33 | 2.04 |
| Slaughter | 0.15726 | 0.5341 | 0.4649 | 1.170 | 0.77 | 1.78 |
| Picking behavior | 0.64296 | 35.2322 | $<0.0001$ | 1.902 | 1.54 | 2.35 |
| Vaccination | 0.37387 | 11.7072 | 0.0006 | 1.453 | 1.17 | 1.80 |
| Veterinary treatment | 0.30903 | 7.6352 | 0.0057 | 1.362 | 1.09 | 1.70 |
| Fur purchasing and processing | -0.34802 | 0.3923 | 0.5311 | 0.706 | 0.24 | 2.10 |
| Dairy processing and sales | -0.28755 | 0.0662 | 0.7970 | 0.750 | 0.08 | 6.71 |
| Livestock transportation | 0.55821 | 1.6663 | 0.1968 | 1.748 | 0.75 | 4.08 |
| Eat raw meat | -0.50941 | 0.2164 | 0.6418 | 0.601 | 0.07 | 5.14 |
| Drink raw milk | 0.40571 | 0.2195 | 0.6394 | 1.500 | 0.27 | 8.19 |
| Eat infected meat | 0.40571 | 0.3292 | 0.5661 | 1.500 | 0.38 | 6.00 |
| Indoor feeding of young lambs | 0.26060 | 4.5398 | 0.0331 | 1.298 | 1.02 | 1.65 |
| Livestock manure irrigating the land | 0.42663 | 14.5769 | 0.0001 | 1.532 | 1.23 | 1.91 |
| People and animals sharing wells | 0.26741 | 4.7540 | 0.0292 | 1.307 | 1.03 | 1.66 |

